

The characteristics protected by the Equality Act 2010 are:

| Disability | Age | Sex (gender) |
|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|
| Gender reassignment | Marriage/civil partnership | Pregnancy/maternity |
| Race | Sexual orientation | Religion/belief |

By law we must have due regard to the need to:

- (a) eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other conduct that is prohibited by or under the Act
- (b) advance equality of opportunity between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it
- (c) foster good relations between persons who share a relevant protected characteristic and persons who do not share it.

In effect, this means that we need to ensure that our policies and services are fair, equitable and proportionate and where possible mitigate against any adverse impacts on people from the different protected characteristics.

In addition to the above protected characteristics, you should consider the impact of living in a **rural area** as part of this assessment. Where people live is not a characteristic protected by law, but for an organisation such as Babergh and Mid Suffolk District Councils it is good practice to consider carefully how location may affect people's experience of a policy or service.

The Rural-Urban definition defines the rurality of very small census based geographies. Census Output Areas forming settlements with populations of over 10,000 (which are urban), while the remainder are defined as one of three rural types: *town and fringe, village or hamlet and dispersed*.

| Details | |
|---|---|
| Service or policy title | New café and replacement and improvement to the public convenience in Belle Vue |
| Lead officer (responsible for the policy or service/function) | Lee Carvell |
| Officers carrying out the EQIA (at least one must have done EQIA training and it is recommended that an officer responsible for the policy or service/function is involved in completion) | Kate Parnum |
| Is this new or a revision? (If revision state when previous EQIA undertaken) | This is new EQIA but aligns with the EQIA completed for Belle Vue front entrance that was completed 8 th July 2022 |
| Is this the first time this policy or function has been assessed? | Please see above, the entrance concept was assessed alongside the impact for opening up the park. This EQIA is focused on improving the current public convenience provision and a new café (both modular construction) to support the use of the park. |



| Date of completing this EQIA | 18 th August 2023 |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|
|------------------------------|------------------------------|

Description

What exactly is proposed? (Describe the service/policy and the changes that are being planned)

The demolition of the current (1930's era) dilapidated public conveniences, and replacement with a new café, public conveniences and new changing place facility

Why? (Give reasons why these changes are being introduced)

The current provision has reached the end of this life and is costly to repair and maintain whilst being of poor quality and appearance given the importance of the park to the town and community. There are regular instances of vandalism and no regular monitoring of the facilities.

There is a temporary café kiosk which offers a limited provision on the other side of the park. There is no seating, a very limited food and beverage offer and irregular and seasonal hours of operation.

The proposal is to have a modular café of good quality and contemporary finish befitting the park setting, with new public conveniences and changing place facilities together. This will also improve monitoring and security on the site and give reassurance to visitors who may be concerned with the vandalism and ASB that has been experienced in the park. It may increase the footfall, frequency and duration of visits.

Better facilities on site will also support a range of park events and future programme development which are of benefit to the local community and economy.

What will the effect of the changes be? (*Describe which people, communities, localities etc. will be affected by the changes*)

The park is a public facility for people of all ages and demographics. This will be a positive impact as the provision will be accessible and inclusive, and is part of a wider site strategy and improvement programme for the site. There have been several engagements with the community and local stakeholders about what they want at Belle Vue Park, and it has effectively been a stalled site for a number of years but there has been strong consensus that toilet provision and with a café is a higher priority.

A full engagement over 2 months in late 2021 in the park was well responded to, and over 190 visitors viewed concepts and proposals over the 2-day park event, and the feedback from comments and surveys showed:



| | k the suggested improvements to the park area in order of what is most important to you? |
|--|---|
| RANKING OF R | |
| | New toilets, including enhanced accessibility features |
| | Improved play areas and equipment (for all age groups) |
| | New café with indoor & outdoor seating |
| | Improving pedestrian and cycle access to the park |
| | New park entrance with accessibility ramps |
| 6 | Sensory garden and improved space for socialising and wellbeing |
| 7 | Improved security measures |
| 8 | Biodiversity support (e.g. planting, bug hunt) |
| 9 | Improved routeways around the park, including seating points |
| 10 | Space to support park events (e.g. hard-standing for staging) |
| QUESTION What physi ANKING OF RES 1 2 | TWO cal features of a new café facility do you think are most important? PONSES Integrated/same location toilet facilities Sightlines from seating to play area |
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| QUESTION What physi RANKING OF RES 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 | TWO cal features of a new café facility do you think are most important? PONSES Integrated/same location toilet facilities Sightlines from seating to play area Ability to be seated both indoors and outdoors (including for wheelchair and buggy users) Design aesthetics (sustainable materials, architecture, lighting etc.) Security measures and installations (e.g. CCTV) Setting – e.g. biodiversity planting to embed the facility into the park THREE tectivity improvements do you believe to be most important to the routeways around the park PONSES Accessible routes for wheelchair users and buggies/prams Attractions and activities along the routes – e.g. sensory garden, formal garden views |

Communities – To provide café and public conveniences that are fit for purpose and provide a provision that can be used by the community. Changing Place will offer enhanced inclusivity to those visitors with a range of needs and abilities.

Accessibility and inclusivity – The provisions are all inclusive units including anyone that is or is undergoing gender reassignment and anyone that have health impacting conditions. By having both a disabled toilet and changing place facilities this will allow all people with disabilities to have the right provision for their needs so that their can enjoy the park and events held there.

Localities – With the engagements with the community about what they wanted at Belle Vue Park this design and facilities were codesigned so that the community and localities have the provision they need and wanted to improve the area.

How will it be implemented? (Describe the decision making process, timescales, process for implementation)

Proposal for the new provision was agreed at Cabinet on 04 September 2023. Procurement of supplier and operator are underway from late-Summer 2023. Planning application to be submitted October 2023.



When is it due to start? (Planned start of new/revised policy/service)

The new facility should be open to the public for first-use by April 2024.

Any other relevant details

N/A

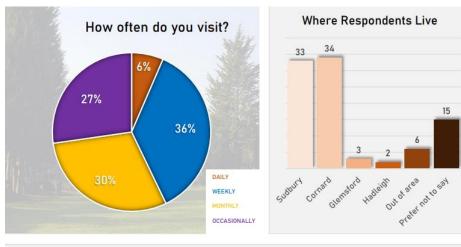
Data about the population

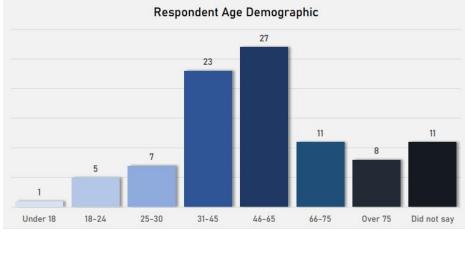
What is the demographic profile or make up of the community you are serving? (A brief overview of quantitative data used and qualitative research undertaken, including customer surveys and focus groups, plus links to reports, local or national data that you have used, suggested sources of information can be found at the end of this document)

Linked profiles:

- Population
- Health

From the 2021 engagement activities the demographic of respondents' age/locality were:





We also had specific comment on accessibility:



ACCESSIBILITY COMMENTS



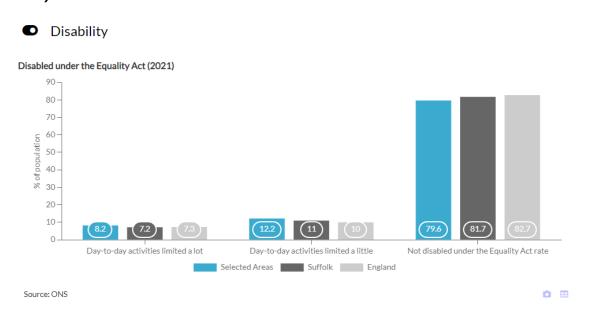
- Better than existing entrance which is poor for access
- Safe crossing points / locations in busy and congested area
- o Rails needed on entrance ramps and raised kerb edging for open elevations
- Resting points must be level
- Crossings should be at grade (no bumps)
- Care that entrance not used as skateboard ramp. However, misuse risks must not outweigh the accessibility improvements for all
- Better for all users, not just those with access needs
- Wide entrance better for achieving compliant gradient
- Ensure entrance ramps compliant with requirements
- Play equipment for all users including those with disabilities
 Accessible toilets very welcome. Preferable to have 4 toilets including regular accessible and higher level and controlled 'Changing Place'
- Ensure volunteers remain involved with park and can access facilities
- Deliveries for maintenance and café need management
- Pathway routes on one level are better
- Cycle lane safety and compliance
- "Pleased to see that new entrance is being considered it has always been so difficult to get from the main car parks into the park or from town generally"

What is the profile or make up of your service users by protected characteristics? (Where this data is available. If it is not currently available state any plans to collect this in future)

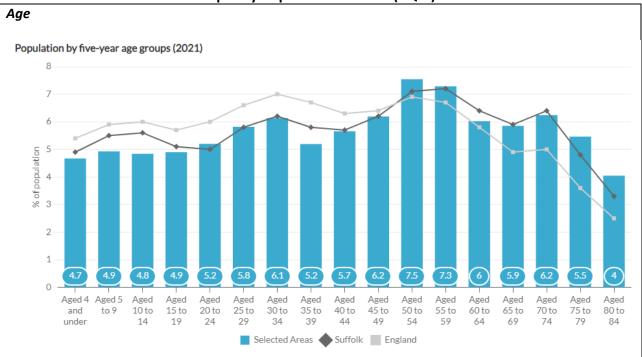
As this provision is open to the public, we can only provide the data for the Sudbury Area as a baseline for the profile. We do know that others visit the park but capturing this information will be challenging to collect.

The linked profiles give a full population and health profile for the Sudbury area - we have provided the tables/graphs for ease within this assessment. This is census data so that we can understand the impact whether positive or negative on the protected characteristics. However, there is no data on three of the protected characteristics - sexual orientation, pregnancy and gender reassignment on this level.

Disability







Source: ONS, Census 2021

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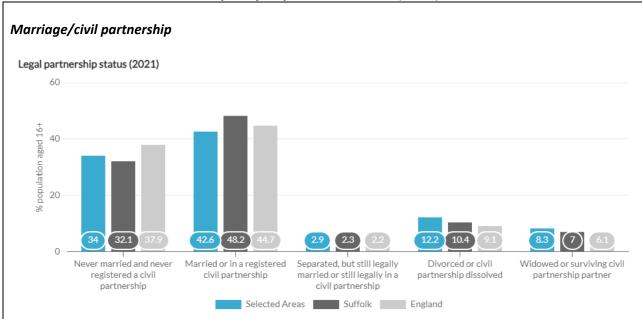
Religion/belief

| | Selected Areas | Suffolk | England |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|---------|------------|
| Christian | 6,002 | 358,454 | 26,167,899 |
| Christian (%) | 44.1 | 47.1 | 46.3 |
| Buddhist | 44 | 2,792 | 262,433 |
| Buddhist (%) | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Hindu | 24 | 3,024 | 1,020,533 |
| Hindu (%) | 0.2 | 0.4 | 1.8 |
| Jewish | 20 | 778 | 269,283 |
| Jewish (%) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.5 |
| Muslim | 144 | 9,279 | 3,801,186 |
| Muslim (%) | 1.1 | 1.2 | 6.7 |
| Sikh | 3 | 770 | 520,092 |
| Sikh (%) | 0 | 0.1 | 0.9 |
| Other religion | 69 | 4,019 | 332,410 |
| Other religion (%) | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.6 |
| Date: 2021 Source: ONS, Census 2021 | | | |



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Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA)



Source: ONS, Census 2021

Race

| | Selected Areas | Suffolk | England |
|--|----------------|---------|------------|
| sian, Asian British or Asian Welsh | 209 | 17,483 | 5,426,392 |
| sian, Asian British or Asian Welsh (%) | 1.5 | 2.3 | 9.6 |
| lack, Black British, Black Welsh, Caribbean or African | 60 | 10,168 | 2,381,724 |
| lack, Black British, Black Welsh, Caribbean or African 6) | 0.4 | 1.3 | 4.2 |
| lixed or Multiple ethnic groups | 211 | 17,807 | 1,669,378 |
| lixed or Multiple ethnic groups (%) | 1.5 | 2.3 | 3 |
| /hite | 13,032 | 708,271 | 45,783,401 |
| /hite (%) | 95.7 | 93.1 | 81 |
| ther ethnic group | 106 | 6,958 | 1,229,153 |
| | 0.8 | 0.9 | 2.2 |

Sex





| Implications for communities and workforce | | |
|--|--|--|
| Disability | | |
| What is the impact on people with a disability (including children with additional needs) and what evidence do you have? (If you do not believe there is any impact describe why not) | Positive –20.4% of the population in Sudbury that has their day-to- day activities impacted. This is higher than Suffolk and England percentage which are 18.3% and 17.3% respectively. By have both a disabled toilet and changing place facilities this will ensure that all disabilities will have the right facilities to have a positive experience at Belle Vue Park. | |
| How does it have a positive or negative impact? | Positive | |
| What could be done to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact? | Advertisement – will be advertising through the changing place facilities register for the facilities and will publicly advertise the new provision. | |
| Age | | |
| What is the impact on people of different ages and what evidence do you have? (<i>If you do not believe</i> <i>there is any impact describe why</i> <i>not</i>) | No impact, the provision is standard provision. There is a positive impact on health conditions that are not a disability but are limiting in | |
| How does it have a positive or negative impact? | Positive | |
| What could be done to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact? | Advertisement through public platforms (social media and press releases) and notify charities that support these health conditions | |
| Sex (gender) | | |
| What is the impact on people of different genders and what evidence do you have? (If you do not believe there is any impact describe why not) | No impact, there will be provision for both sexes | |
| How does it have a positive or negative impact? | neutral | |
| What could be done to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact? | N/A | |
| Gender reassignment | | |



| Equality I | mpact Assessment (EQIA) |
|--|--|
| have undergone gendercompreassignment (i.e. transgenderspacepeople) and what evidence do youintera | ve impact – the facilities are inclusive units that will provide lete privacy for all users of the facilities. There will be no with the public conveniences for any possible negative actions and provide a comfortable space for people that are ave transitioned. |
| How does it have a positive or Positi negative impact? | ve |
| What could be done to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact?Adve | rtisement of the type of facilities that are being provided |
| Marriage/civil partnership | |
| | npact, there are provision for all |
| How does it have a positive or Neutron negative impact? | ral |
| What could be done to mitigate any N/A adverse impact or further promote positive impact? | |
| Pregnancy/maternity | |
| | e will be a range of baby changing facilities, both in the led unit and the male and female provision. |
| How does it have a positive or position positi position position position position position position position p | ve |
| What could be done to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact?Adve | rtisement of the type of facilities that are being provided |
| Race | |
| What is the impact on people from different races or ethnic groups and what evidence do you have? (If you do not believe there is any impact | npact, there are provision for all |
| How does it have a positive or Neut | al |
| negative impact? | |
| | |



| What is the impact on people according to their sexual orientation and what evidence do you have? (If you do not believe there is any impact describe why not) | No impact, there are provision for all |
|---|--|
| How does it have a positive or negative impact? | Neutral |
| What could be done to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact? | N/A |
| Religion/belief | |
| What is the impact on people according to their religion or belief and what evidence do you have? (If you do not believe there is any impact describe why not) | No impact, there are provision for all |
| How does it have a positive or negative impact? | Neutral |
| What could be done to mitigate any | N/A |

| Rurality | |
|---|---|
| | tic protected by law: but for Babergh and Mid Suffolk District Councils ly how location may affect people's experience of a policy or service. |
| What is the impact on people according to whether they live in an urban or rural environment and what evidence do you have? (If you do not believe there is any impact describe why not) | No impact, there are provision for all |
| How does it have a positive or negative impact? | Neutral |
| What could be done to mitigate any adverse impact or further promote positive impact? | N/A |

| Making Decisions | | |
|--|---|--|
| Having completed this equality impact assessment indicate which decision is recommended to be taken. | | |
| Should the policy or service be implemented as the correct course of action? | Yes | |
| Should the policy or service be amended as suggested by the | No as there has been sufficient consideration | |



| report so that mitigating actions are taken to address an adverse or negative impact on any characteristic? | | |
|---|----|---|
| Should the policy or service be reviewed and revised more significantly to take into account its impact on different groups? | | once the provision and facilities are open to the public to we lesson from and make changes where feasible. |
| Should the policy or service not be actioned as there are too many negative impacts? | No | |

| Monitoring Impact Assessing the impact on equality is an been agreed or implemented. | n ongoing process that does not end once a policy or service had |
|--|---|
| How frequently will the policy or service be reviewed? | Survey once the provision and facilities are open to the public to ensure we lesson from and make changes where feasible. |
| Who will be involved? | Communities and public realm teams |
| Will there need to be an action plan completed for any amendments? | All feedback to be considered and reviewed and actions whether suitable through cabinet member involvement. |
| What further evidence or consultation will be needed to check that the policy or service is working well? | Survey of the provision |

| Completion | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| Authors signature | Kate Parnum |
| | |
| Date of completion | 18 th August 2023 |
| | |

Additional sources of data can be found on the following links:

http://www.suffolkobservatory.info/Default.aspx

http://www.nomisweb.co.uk/

https://www.ons.gov.uk/

http://suffolkcf.org.uk/publications/hidden-needs-2016/

https://www.nao.org.uk/